Topic: T07 / Policy Design, Policy Analysis, Expertise and Evaluation

Chair : Giancarlo Vecchi (Politecnico di Milano)

Second Chair : Hiroko Kudo (Chuo University)

Third Chair : Mita Marra (University of Naples)

GENERAL OBJECTIVES, RESEARCH QUESTIONS AND SCIENTIFIC RELEVANCE

Objectives of the Panel

The objective of the panel is to develop stronger relations between evaluation research and public policy analysis, recognising at same time the differences of the two sub-disciplines (Geva-May and Pal; Weiss). The aim is to help evaluation in taking advantage from the studies of the policy process to improve its use by decision-makers.

In the last decades, evaluation scholars devoted strong emphasis and efforts in the debate about methodologies; the discussions concerning qualitative and quantitative approaches appear now passed, with efforts to deal with the complexity of policies using mixed methods.

In any case, the policy evaluation literature – both oriented to policy making and to knowledge development (Mark and Henry) seems to lack, often, systematic connections and exchanges with the researches of the different policy analysis fields; for example, the studies devoted to the analysis of policy change, policy design and instruments, and policy implementation.

With the aim to develop a fruitful integration between these two sides, the panel wants to deeper themes that can be eventually discussed in different workshops.

Scientific Relevance

The debate on 'Evidence-based policy' underlines the issue concerning the role of social science in supporting the policy-making processes e the design of public programmes.

The reflection of many scholars is often translated in methodological terms, and the conclusion is oriented to the adoption of approaches that improve the reliability of the causal inferences that sustain the attribution of an outcome to a programme; and the preference of the RCT designs is quite often the result. Indeed we need to sustain a wider pluralism and expansion in the use of social science techniques in evaluation (Stoker and Evans; Bastow et al.). For example, it is important obviously to collect evidences on 'what works' about public programmes, but at the same time policy makers and citizens are interest in the transferability issue, i.e. the effectiveness of a programme if implemented in another site; in that case we need to add to the 'what works?' questions regarding 'what works, for whom, in what context', the mechanism at the base of the observed changes, the reasons for the success of the winners and the failure of the losers, the implementation gaps, etc. (Pawson).

Evidence-based policy represents a challenge for policy evaluation because underline the theme of the impact of the evaluation researches on decision-makers.

References

Bastow S., P. Dunleavy and Tinkler J. 2014. Measuring the Impact of Social Sciences. Research in UK Central Government Policy-Making. London: LSE.

Geva-May I. and L.A. Pal. 1999. "Good Fences Make Good Neighbours. Policy Evaluation and Policy Analysis – Exploring the Differences." Evaluation 5(3).

Mark M.M. and G. T. Henry. 2006. "Methods for Policy-Making and for Knowledge Development Evaluations." In Shaw, Green and Mark (eds). Handbook of Evaluation. London: Sage.

Pawson R. 2013. The Science of Evaluation. London: Sage.

Stoker G. and Evans M. 2016. Evidence-based policy making. Methods that Matters. University of Bristol: Policy Press.

Weiss C. 1999. "The Interface between Evaluation and Public Policy." Evaluation 5(4): 468-486.

CALL FOR PAPERS

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The objective of the panel is to improve the impact of programme evaluation on the decision makers, avoiding the risk of policy-based evidences, developing a better conceptualization of collective problems and the feasible paths of solution.

We invite paper-givers to propose both theoretical and empirical contributions regarding three themes:

- the integration between programme evaluation and policy analysis studies, concerning in particular evaluation useful to improve the policy design and policy implementation phases;
- the use of methodologies to deal with both the causal and the transfer problems, and the capacity to improve the plurality of approaches and research techniques;
- the analysis of evaluation uses in policy making regarding different policy domains.

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Session 1 Session 1 - Evidence-Based Policy Making: Evaluation and Methodological Challenges

Thursday, June 29th 08:15 to 10:15 (Block B 4 - 4)

Discussants

Giancarlo Vecchi (Politecnico di Milano)

Toward better use of the evaluation evidences in public polices: The MORE project

Dominika Wojtowicz (Kozminski University)

Making Policy while you do not have any Evidences – How to deal with scientific and technical uncertainty

Hiroko Kudo (Chuo University)

Can evaluations really contribute to evidence-based policy making at government level? - the case of the French Government Modernisation Evaluations of public policies (2012-2016).

Thomas DELAHAIS (Quadrant Conseil) Clément Lacouette-Fougere (SGMAP Prime minister's office)

Evaluating personalisation programmes: methodological challenges

Chris Fox (Manchester Metropolitan University)

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Session 2Session 2 - Evaluation and Evidences in Public Policies

Thursday, June 29th 10:30 to 12:30 (Block B 4 - 4)

Discussants

Hiroko Kudo (Chuo University)

Maximising Evidence-Informed Change in Complex Policy Systems: Lessons from Africa and Asia

Fanie Cloete (University of Stellenbosch)

Ontologies, Theories and Methodology in the Evaluation Research Debate. Dealing with the evidence-based policy making challenges

Giancarlo Vecchi (Politecnico di Milano)

Evidence-based Policy and Classifying Public Policy

Kazuya Sugitani (Iwate Prefectural University)

A Systematic Review of Empirical Studies of Essential Medicines Policy in China: Implications for Evidence-Based Policy Making (EBPM) in Developing Countries

Xun Wu (Hong Kong University of Science and Technology) Lili Li (Auburn University) Qian Jiwei (East Asian Institute, National University of Singapore)

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Session 3Session 3 - Policy Sectors, Evaluation and Evidences

Thursday, June 29th 13:30 to 15:30 (Block B 4 - 4)

Discussants

Giancarlo Vecchi (Politecnico di Milano) Hiroko Kudo (Chuo University)

The Affordable Care Act's Excise Taxes: Impact on Medical Device Manufacturers

Ngoc Dao (University of Wisconsin-Madison)

Embedding impact assessment in policy making. The case of Flanders-Belgium: developments, difficulties and challenges.

Jan De Mulder (PermRep Belgium/Flanders to EU / Public Governance department)

The Impact of a Universal Free School Lunch Program on Students' Health and School Life Jung Haeil (Department of Public Administration, Korea University) Dahye Kim

LOW CARBON URBAN STRATEGIES: AN INVESTIGATION OF 124 EUROPEAN CITIES

Edoardo Croci (Università Bocconi)